

Young Zealots for Truth (Acts 28:31)

**Christ Church Ventura
P.O. Box 25 Ojai, CA 93024
roy@ojaipca.org (805) 452-3354
www.christchurchventura.org**



PREFACE

BIG

IDEAS

FOR

LITTLE

PEOPLE

A Child's Christian Catechism

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Shhh! This is a catechism. You may well ask, "What's that?" A catechism is a manual of systematic instruction in Christian doctrine by questions and answers. They have been used for years, even centuries, to teach theology to children and adults alike. Next to the Bible and perhaps *Pilgrim's Progress*, no other document since the Reformation has played such a vital role in the formation of Christian thought and character. Unfortunately, modern evangelicals have largely neglected them.

The result of this disregard for catechisms may be reflected in the growing number of Christian parents desiring to systematically instruct their children, but not knowing where to begin. Our desire is to awaken Christians to their forgotten heritage and to encourage parents to teach their covenant children by using this catechetical instruction booklet. We are not advancing a performance system of salvation by memory, nor are we condemning those who are not convinced of the value of the catechism.

Our purpose, however, is to acquaint children with the content and truth of Scripture through the memory of Bible verses and catechism questions and answers. The verses give children the content of Scripture, while the questions and answers provide summarized truths and central principles. It is important for children to have knowledge of Scripture as well as a framework to organize, understand and apply it. The memory of Scripture and catechism serves as an application and fulfillment of Psalm 119:11, *"I have stored up your word in my heart, that I might not sin against you."*

BIG IDEAS FOR LITTLE PEOPLE is, in reality, yet another version of the *Catechism for Young Children* first published by Joseph Engels in 1840. This particular rendition is designed for the congregation of Christ Church Ventura in California. Reference has been made to several resources: *The Westminster Confession of Faith, Larger and Shorter Catechisms* (Banner of Truth Trust), *Catechism for Young Children* (Great Commission Publications), *A Catechism for Boys And Girls* (Carey Publications), *The Children's Catechism* (Summertown Company), and *How to Teach the Catechism to Young Children* (Great Commission Publications).

Scripture references have been written out in full to help children to use their Bibles without the hindrance of abbreviations. These references are intended to clarify, illustrate, or confirm the principle stated. Scripture quotations are taken from The Holy Bible, English Standard Version™ Copyright © 2002, by Crossway Bibles, used by permission of Good News Publishers.

This catechism may be used profitably in a number of ways. Parents may use it for family devotions integrating Bible stories, singing, and prayer. It may be used with very young children as a bed time chat and family blessing. Brothers and sisters can ask each other the questions. Pastors may use it as a formal guide in classes for young people or to quiz individual children in private instruction. Church leaders may find this booklet useful as curriculum for a Sunday School.

It has been stressed that this booklet is for children, but parents and young adults will find it to stand on its own as a direct, simple, and theologically accurate statement of the essential truths of the Christian faith. If studied systematically in bite size pieces, the catechism may provide spiritual benefit to all that engage it.

Parents should use the catechism often rather than doing too much at once. Take care not to bore your children, but make it fun and interesting for them. Talk about the answers and show how they apply to daily life. A thematic melody has been developed at the back of this booklet to assist effective learning. Space is also provided for personal notes on each measure of thought. As children learn the questions and answers they will be better able to understand the Bible and to apply biblical preaching.

Yes, this little booklet is a catechism prepared to introduce children to the essential truths of the Christian faith. It is our unashamed intent to teach children theology in confidence that our heavenly Father will fulfill all of His covenant promises to our children. May God be glorified as our children are grounded in biblical truth, awakened to the character of God, transformed by the gospel of grace, and fully equipped to delight in God's will and walk in His ways, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Saint Mark's Day, in the year of our Lord 2008

Roy Bennett, Pastor
Christ Church Ventura

1. QUESTION: Who made you?

ANSWER: God.

Genesis 1:26-27; 2:7; 5:2; Job 33:4; Psalms 100:3; Isaiah 44:2a; Malachi 2:10; Colossians 1:16-17

2. Q: What else did God make?

A: God made everything.

Genesis 1:1, 31; Psalms 33:6-9; John 1:1-3; Acts 14:15; 17:25; Romans 11:36; 1 Corinthians 8:6; Colossians 1:16; Hebrews 1:1-2

3. Q: Why did God make you and everything?

A: For His own glory.

Psalms 19:1; Isaiah 43:7; Acts 17:26-27; Revelation 4:11; 5:13

4. Q: How can you glorify God

A: By loving Him and doing what He commands.

1 Samuel 15:22; Ecclesiastes 12:13; Jeremiah 7:23; Mark 12:29-31; Luke 8:21; John 14:21; Acts 5:29; 1 Corinthians 10:31; 1 John 5:3

5. Q: Why should you glorify God?

A: Because He made me and takes care of me.

2 Kings 6:16-17; Psalms 23; 116:1; 121; Daniel 6:22; Romans 11:36

6. Q: Is there more than one God?

A: There is only one God.

Deuteronomy 6:4; Isaiah 44:6; 1 Corinthians 8:4; Ephesians 4:5-6

7. Q: How many persons are in the one God?

A: Three persons.

Matt. 3:16-17; 28:19; John 15:26; 2 Corinthians 13:14; 1 Peter 1:2

8. Q: Who are they?

A: The Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit.

Matthew 28:19; John 14:26; 2 Corinthians 13:14; Jude 20-21

9. Q: What is God?

A: God is a spirit and does not have a body.

John 4:24; 2 Corinthians 3:17; 1 Timothy 1:17

10. Q: Where is God?

A: God is everywhere.

Deuteronomy 4:39; Psalms 139:7-12; Isaiah 66:1; Jeremiah 23:23-24; Acts 17:27-28

11. Q: Can you see God?

A: No. I cannot see God, but He always sees me.

*Exodus 33:20; Psalms 139:1-4; Proverbs 5:21; 15:3;
John 1:18; 1 Timothy 6:16; Hebrews 4:13*

12. Q: Does God know everything?

A: Yes. Nothing can be hidden from God.

*1 Chronicles 28:9; 2 Chronicles 16:9; Psalms 139:12;
Proverbs 15:3; Luke 12:6-7; Acts 15:18; Hebrews 4:13*

13. Q: Can God do everything?

A: Yes. God can do anything He wants.

*Genesis 18:14; Jeremiah 32:17; Daniel 4:34-35; Matthew 19:26;
Ephesians 1:11; 3:20; Philippians 2:13; Titus 1:2; Hebrews 6:16-18*

14. Q: Where do you learn how to love and obey God?

A: In the Bible alone.

*Psalms 119:105; Isaiah 8:20; 40:8; Matthew 22:29;
John 17:17; Galatians 1:8-9; 2 Timothy 3:15-17;*

15. Q: Who wrote the Bible?

A: Men who were guided by the Holy Spirit

2 Kings 17:13; 2 Timothy 3:16; Hebrews 1:1-2; 2 Peter 1:20-21

16. Q: Who were our first parents?

A: Adam and Eve.

Genesis 1:27; 3:20; 5:1,2; 1 Timothy 2:13

17. Q: What were our first parents made of?

A: God made Adam's body out of the earth,
and He made Eve from Adam's body.

Genesis 2:7, 21-22; Job 10:9; Psalms 103:14; 1 Timothy 2:13

18. Q: What did God give Adam and Eve besides bodies?

A: He gave them souls that would never die.

Genesis 2:7; Ecclesiastes 12:7; Zechariah 12:1

19. Q: Do you have a soul as well as a body?

A: Yes, I have a soul that will never die.

*Ecclesiastes 12:7; Mark 8:36-37; Luke 23:43; John 8:51; John
11:26; 1 Corinthians 15:54; 2 Corinthians 5:1; Revelation 20:4*

20. Q: How do you know that you have a soul?

A: Because God tells me so in the Bible.

*Ecclesiastes 12:7; Matthew 10:28; Luke 23:43; John 8:51; 11:26;
1 Corinthians 15:54; 2 Corinthians 5:1; Revelation 20:4*

21. Q: When God made Adam and Eve, what were they like?

A: They were holy and happy with God.

Genesis 1:26-28, 31; 2:25; Psalms 8:4-5; Ecclesiastes 7:29; Ephesians 4:24 (See question 3)

22. Q: What is a covenant?

A: A serious agreement made between two or more persons.

Genesis 9:12-17; 15:18; Exodus 19:5-6; 1 Samuel 18:3; Psalms 89:3-4, 28-29, 34-35; Matthew 26:14-16; Acts 23:12-14

23. Q: What covenant did God make with Adam?

A: The covenant of works.

Genesis 2:16-17; Leviticus 18:5; Romans 10:5; Galatians 3:12

24. Q: What did Adam have to do in the covenant of works?

A: To obey God perfectly.

Genesis 2:16-17; Joshua 1:7-8; Psalm 19:7; Romans 7:12

25. Q: What did God promise in the covenant of works?

A: To reward with life if Adam obeyed.

Genesis 2:16; 3:22; Romans 10:5; Galatians 3:12

26. Q: What did God threaten in the covenant of works?

A: To punish with death if Adam disobeyed

Genesis 2:17; Ezekiel 18:20; Romans 6:23; James 1:5

27. Q: Did Adam keep the covenant of works?

A: No. He sinned against God.

Genesis 3:1-7, 17; Ecclesiastes 7:29; Hosea 6:7; Romans 5:12, 14, 19; 1 Corinthians 15:21-22; 1 Timothy 2:14

28. Q: What is sin?

A: Sin is disobeying or not keeping God's law in any way.

Proverbs 24:9; Romans 3:20; 4:15; James 2:9; 1 John 3:4

29. Q: What is disobeying God's law?

A: Doing what God says not to do.

2 Samuel 11:2-5; 12:1-9; 1 Kings 11:4-8; James 4:17

30. Q: What is not keeping God's law?

A: Not being or not doing what God requires.

1 Samuel 15:19-23; Daniel 6:4; Hosea 6:7; Malachi 3:8-9; Romans 1:21; James 4:17; 1 John 3:4

31. Q: What does every sin deserve?

A: God's anger and punishment.

Proverbs 11:19; Romans 1:18; 2:8; 6:23; Ephesians 5:6

32. Q: How did Adam and Eve sin?

A: By eating the forbidden fruit.

Genesis 2:16-17; 3:6-8 (See Questions: 16, 29)

33. Q: Who tempted them to sin?

A: The devil first tempted Eve, then she gave the fruit to Adam.

Genesis 3:1-6; 2 Corinthians 11:3; 1 Timothy 2:13,14

34. Q: What happened to Adam and Eve when they sinned?

A: They became sinful and miserable and were separated from God.

Genesis 3:8-24; 4:1-24; Romans 5:12-13; 6:23; Ephesians 2:3; James 1:14,15 (See Questions: 2, 21)

35. Q: Did Adam act for himself alone in the covenant of works?

A: No. He also acted for the whole human family.

Acts 17:26; Romans 5:12, 19; 1 Corinthians 15:21-22

36. Q: How has the human family been affected by Adam's sin?

A: Every human being is born with a sinful nature.

Psalms 51:5; Romans 5:18-19; 1 Corinthians 15:21-22; Ephesians 2:1-3; 1 John 5:19

37. Q: What do we call the sinful nature we get from Adam?

A: Original sin.

Psalms 14:2,3; 58:3; Ecclesiastes 9:3; Jeremiah 7:9 Matthew 15:18-20; Romans 5:12, 18-19; 8:8; Ephesians 2:1; James 1:15

38. Q: Can anyone go to heaven with this sinful nature?

A: No. Our hearts must be changed before we are fit for heaven.

Jeremiah 31:33,34; Ezekiel 36:25-27; John 1:12-13; 3:3-8; 2 Corinthians 5:17; 1 Peter 1:23; 1 John 5:18; Revelation 21:27

39. Q: What is this change of heart?

A: Regeneration or being born again.

Titus 3:5-7; John 3:3-8

40. Q: Who can change a sinner's heart?

A: Only the Holy Spirit.

John 3:3; 14:26; Romans 8:6-11; 1 Corinthians 2:9-14; 12:3; Titus 3:5-6; 2 Thessalonians 2:13,14; 1 John 3:23-24; 4:13

41. Q: Can anyone be saved through the covenant of works?

A: No one can be saved by good works.

Romans 3:10, 23; Galatians 2:16; 3:10; Ephesians 2:8-9

42. Q: Why can no one be saved through the covenant of works?

A: Because every human being has broken it and is condemned by it.

Genesis 6:5; Job 14:4; Proverbs 20:9; Romans 3:23; 1 John 1:8

43. Q: How has every human being broken the covenant of works?

A: The whole human family was represented by Adam and so all have fallen with Him in his sin.

Genesis 1:28; Psalms 51:5; Acts 17:26; Romans 5:12-19; 1 Corinthians 15:21-22; Ephesians 2:1-3; 1 John 5:19

44. Q: How then can human beings be saved?

A: By the Lord Jesus Christ in the covenant of grace.

John 17:4-5, 12; 19:30; 1 Corinthians 15:22; 1 Timothy 2:5-6

45. Q: What is the covenant of grace?

A: The agreement God, the Father, made with Christ, His eternal Son for life and salvation.

Genesis 3:15; Isaiah 42:6; 53:10-11; 59:21; John 3:16; Galatians 3:16; 1 Timothy 2:5-6; Titus 3:4-7; 1 John 5:11-13

46. Q: Did Christ act for Himself alone in the covenant of grace?

A: No. He acted for all God's chosen people.

Matthew 24:22, 31; 25:34; John 6:37-40, 44; 15:16; 17:2, 6, 9; Acts 4:28-29; Romans 8:28-33; Ephesians 1:4-5, 11; 1 Peter 1:2

47. Q: What did Christ do in the covenant of grace?

A: He obeyed the whole law for His people and suffered for their sins.

Matthew 26:28; John 14:31; Romans 5:9, 19; Galatians 4:4-5; Philippians 2:8; Hebrews 9:14, 15; 1 Peter 2:24; 1 John 1:7

48. Q: Did Jesus ever commit any sin?

A: No. He always perfectly obeyed God.

Isaiah 53:9; Luke 23:47; John 8:45-46; 2 Corinthians 5:21; Hebrews 4:15; 7:26; 1 Peter 1:19; 2:22; 1 John 3:5; 5:21

49. Q: How did the Son of God suffer?

A: By becoming human to obey and suffer as a man.

Isaiah 7:14, 9:6; John 1:14; Romans 8:3; Galatians 4:4; Philippians 2:5-8; Colossians 2:9; Hebrews 2:14, 17; 4:15

50. Q: For whom did Christ obey and suffer?

A: For those the Father has given Him.

Isaiah 53:8; Matthew 1:21; John 6:37; 10:11, 15-16, 26-29; John 17:9; Hebrews 2:10-13

51. Q: How did Christ live on earth?

A: In poverty and suffering.

Isaiah 53:3; Matthew 4:1-2; 8:20; Luke 2:7; 2 Corinthians 8:9; Philippians 2:7-8; 1 Peter 2:21, 33;

52. Q: How did Christ die?

A: In pain and disgrace on the cross.

Psalms 22:15; Isaiah 53:3, 7; Matthew 27:22; John 19:5-6; Philippians 2:8; Hebrews 12:2

53. Q: What is meant by the atonement?

A: Christ's suffering and dying in the place of His people to pay the price for all their sins.

Mark 10:45; Romans 3:23-25; 5:8-9; 1 Corinthians 15:3; 2 Corinthians 5:18-21; Galatians 3:13; Hebrews 9:22; 1 Peter 3:18

54. Q: What did God promise to do in the covenant of grace?

A: To justify and sanctify those for whom Christ died.

Acts 13:38-41; Romans 5:1, 18; 8:29-33; 1 Corinthians 1:30; 6:11; Galatians 3:24; Philippians 1:6; 1 Thessalonians 4:3

55. Q: What happens in justification?

A: God forgives sinners and accepts them as if they had never sinned.

Zechariah 3:1-5; Romans 4:5; 5:1; 2 Corinthians 5:21; Galatians 2:16; Ephesians 4:32; Colossians 1:13-14; Hebrews 8:12

56. Q: What happens in sanctification?

A: God makes the hearts and actions of believers holy.

John 17:17; Romans 6:4, 6, 14, 20-22; Ephesians 2:10; 4:22-24; Philippians 2:12-13; Colossians 3:59-10; 1 Thessalonians 5:23; 2 Thessalonians 2:13; Hebrews 10:10

57. Q: Who will be saved?

A: Only those who truly repent of their sins and believe in Christ.

Ezekiel 18:31-32; Mark 1:15; John 3:16; 5:24; 11:25; Acts 2:37-41; 3:19; 16:30-31; 20:21; Romans 10:9-10

58. Q: What does it mean to repent?

A: To become sorry for your sins; to hate them and to stop doing them, because they anger God.

2 Kings 22:19; Ezekiel 18:21; Psalms 5:5; 34:18; 51:17; 97:10; Isaiah 55:7; 66:2;; 2 Corinthians 7:9-10; 1 Thessalonians 1:9-10

59. Q: What does it mean to believe in Christ?

A: To trust Christ alone to save you.

John 3:16; 8:24; 10:1-2, 9; 14:6; Acts 4:12; 16:31; 1 Timothy 2:5; 1 John 5:11-12

60. Q: Can you repent and believe in Christ by your own power?

A: No. I must have the help of the Holy Spirit.

John 3:3-8, 27; 6:44; Acts 11:15-18; 16:14; Romans 8:2, 5, 8-11; 1 Corinthians 2:9-10, 14; 12:3; Galatians 5:17-18

61. Q: How can you get the help of the Holy Spirit?

A: God has told us to pray to Him for the Holy Spirit.

Isaiah 65:24; Luke 11:9-13; John 4:10; 16:24; Acts 2:38

62. Q: How does the Holy Spirit bring us to salvation?

A: By means of the Bible, which is the Word of God.

Psalms 19:7; Isaiah 55:11; Acts 8:27-38; 20:32; Romans 1:16; 10:14-17; 15:4; 1 Thessalonians 1:5; 2:13; 2 Timothy 3:14-17; Hebrews 4:12; James 1:21; 1 Peter 1:23; 2:2

63. Q: When did Christ die?

A: Almost two thousand years ago.

Matthew 2:1; Luke 1:5; 2:1-2; the Calendar; Secular History

64. Q: How were people saved who lived before Christ's coming?

A: They believed in the promised Savior that God would send.

Genesis 3:15; Deuteronomy 18:15; Isaiah 53:1-12; Luke 24:26; 1 Corinthians 10:1-4; Hebrews 9:11-15; 10:10-13; 11:13;

65. Q: How did those people show their faith?

A: By obeying God and sacrificing to Him in the way He commanded.

Genesis 4:2-5; Exodus 24:3-8; 30:10; 1 Chronicles 29:20-21; Hebrews 9:19-22

66. Q: Why did God command these sacrifices?

A: To teach them about Christ, the Lamb of God, the perfect sacrifice.

Exodus 12:46; Isaiah 53:7; John 1:29; 1 Peter 1:19

67. Q: What does Christ do for His people?

A: He does the work of a prophet, a priest and a king.

Jeremiah 10:10; John 18:37; Acts 3:22-23; Hebrews 1:1-3; 5:5-6; Revelation 1:5; 19:16

68. Q: How is Christ a prophet?

A: By teaching us the will of God.

Deuteronomy 18:15; John 4:25; 14:23-24; 15:15; 1 John 5:20

69. Q: How is Christ a priest?

A: By dying for the sins of His people and praying to God for them.

1 Timothy 2:5; Hebrews 2:17-18; 4:14-16; 7:24-28; 1 John 2:1-2

70. Q: How is Christ a king?

A: By ruling over the world and defending His people.

2 Chronicles 20:6; Psalms 2:6-8; Isaiah 9:7; 33:22; Jeremiah 23:5; Matthew 28:18; John 1:49; Revelation 1:5; 17:14; 19:16

71. Q: Why do you need Christ as a prophet?

A: Because I am ignorant of God's will.

*Job 8:9; 11:7; Psalms 73:22; Ecclesiastes 8:7; 9:12; 11:5;
John 17:25; Romans 8:26; 1 Corinthians 1:21; 2:14-16*

72. Q: Why do you need Christ as a priest?

A: Because I am guilty of sin.

*Genesis 6:5; Proverbs 20:9; Ecclesiastes 7:20;
Romans 3:10-12; James 2:10; 1 John 1:8-9*

73. Q: Why do you need Christ as a king?

A: Because I am weak and helpless.

*Exodus 14:14; John 15:4,5; 2 Corinthians 12:9-10;
Philippians 4:13; Jude 24-25*

74. Q: How many commandments did God give on the stone tablets at Mount Sinai?

A: Ten Commandments.

Exodus 20:1-17; 31:18; 32:15-16; Deuteronomy 5:1-22; 10:4

75. Q: What are the Ten Commandments sometimes called?

A: The Decalogue, God's moral law.

Deuteronomy 10:1-4; 12-13, 17, 20; Romans 2:14-15; 10:5

76. Q: What do the first four commandments teach us?

A: How to love God.

Deuteronomy 6:5-6; 10:12-13; Matthew 22:36-39

77. Q: What do the last six commandments teach us?

A: How to love other people.

Micah 6:8; Matthew 7:12; 22:39; Romans 13:9-10

78. Q: What is the basic teaching of the Ten Commandments?

A: To love God with all our heart and our neighbors as ourselves.

Leviticus 19:18; Matthew 22:35-40; Galatians 5:14; James 2:8

79. Q: Who is your neighbor?

A: Everyone else.

Matthew 5:43-48; 7:12; Luke 6:35-36; 10:25-37

80. Q: Is God pleased with those who love and obey Him?

A: Yes. He says, "I LOVE THOSE WHO LOVE ME."

Exodus 20:6; Proverbs 8:17; John 16:27; Romans 8:28

81. Q: Is God pleased with those who do not love and obey Him?

A: No. He says, "I'M ANGRY WITH THE WICKED EVERY DAY."

Psalms 7:11; Malachi 2:17; Proverbs 6:16-19

82. Q: What is the first commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL HAVE NO OTHER GODS BEFORE ME."

Exodus 20:3; Deuteronomy 5:7

83. Q: What does the first commandment tell us to do?

A: To worship the one true God only.

Exodus 34:14; Psalms 29:2; Isaiah 45:5-6; Matthew 4:10;

84. Q: What is the second commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT MAKE FOR YOURSELF A CARVED IMAGE OR ANY LIKENESS OF ANYTHING THAT IS IN HEAVEN ABOVE, OR THAT IS IN THE EARTH BENEATH, OR THAT IS IN THE WATER THAT IS UNDER THE EARTH. YOU SHALL NOT BOW DOWN TO THEM OR SERVE THEM, FOR I THE LORD YOUR GOD AM A JEALOUS GOD, VISITING THE INIQUITY OF THE FATHERS ON THE CHILDREN TO THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATION OF THOSE WHO HATE ME, BUT SHOWING STEADFAST LOVE TO THOUSANDS OF THOSE WHO LOVE ME AND KEEP MY COMMANDMENTS."

Exodus 20:4-6; 34:14; Deuteronomy 5:8-10

85. Q: What does the second commandment tell us to do?

A: To worship God in the way He tells us and not with images or idols.

Exodus 34:14-17; Deuteronomy 4:15-19; Isaiah 44:9-20; 46:5-9; John 4:23-24; Acts 17:29; 1 John 5:21

86. Q: What is the third commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT TAKE THE NAME OF THE LORD YOUR GOD IN VAIN, FOR THE LORD WILL NOT HOLD HIM GUILTLess WHO TAKES HIS NAME IN VAIN."

Exodus 20:7; Deuteronomy 5:11

87. Q: What does the third commandment tell us to do?

A: To honor God's name, His word, and His works.

Leviticus 19:12; Psalms 29:2; 138:2; Isaiah 6:3; 8:13; Ezekiel 36:20-23; 39:7, 25; Matthew 6:9; Revelation 15:4

88. Q: What is the fourth commandment?

A: "REMEMBER THE SABBATH DAY TO KEEP IT HOLY. SIX DAYS YOU SHALL LABOUR, AND DO ALL YOUR WORK, BUT THE SEVENTH DAY IS A SABBATH TO THE LORD YOUR GOD. ON IT YOU SHALL NOT DO ANY WORK, YOU OR YOUR SON OR DAUGHTER, YOUR MALE SERVANT OR FEMALE SERVANT, YOUR LIVESTOCK, OR THE SOJOURNER WHO IS WITHIN YOUR GATES. FOR IN SIX DAYS THE LORD MADE THE HEAVEN AND EARTH, THE SEA AND ALL THAT IS IN THEM, AND HE RESTED THE SEVENTH DAY. THEREFORE THE LORD BLESSED THE SABBATH DAY AND MADE IT HOLY."

Exodus 20:8-11; 23:12; Deuteronomy 5:12-15

89. Q: What does the fourth commandment tell us to do?

A: To keep the Sabbath holy.

Leviticus 19:30; 23:3; Isaiah 58:13-14

90. Q: What day of the week is the Christian Sabbath?

A: Sunday, the first day of the week, called the Lord's day.

Genesis 2:3; Acts 20:7; 1 Corinthians 16:2; Revelation 1:10

91. Q: Why is it called the Lord's day?

A: Because Christ rose from the dead on that day.

Matthew 28:1; Mark 16:9; Luke 24:1-6; John 20:1, 19

92. Q: What should we do on the Sabbath?

A: We should worship God with His people, pray to Him, read and listen to the Bible, and do good to others.

Isaiah 58:13-14; Matthew 12:10-13; Luke 4:15-16;

93. Q: What is the fifth commandment?

A: "HONOUR YOUR FATHER AND YOUR MOTHER THAT YOUR DAYS MAY BE LONG IN THE LAND THAT THE LORD YOUR GOD IS GIVING YOU".

Exodus 20:12; Deuteronomy 5:16; Luke 18:20; Ephesians 6:

94. Q: What does the fifth commandment tell us to do?

A: To love and obey our parents and everyone in authority over us.

Exodus 21:15-17; Deuteronomy 21:18-23; Matthew 15:3-6; Romans 13:1-7; Ephesians 6:1-10; Colossians 3:20;

95. Q: What is the sixth commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT MURDER."

Exodus 20:13; Deuteronomy 5:17; Matthew 19:18; Romans 13:9

96. Q: What does the sixth commandment tell us to do?

A: To avoid anger, hatred or harm to anyone.

Genesis 9:5-6; Leviticus 19:17-18; Psalms 37:8; Matthew 5:21-22 Acts 16:28; Ephesians 4:26-27; 1 John 3:15

97. Q: What is the seventh commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT COMMIT ADULTERY."

Exodus 20:14; Deuteronomy 5:18; Luke 18:20; Romans 13:9

98. Q: What does the seventh commandment tell us to do?

A: To keep ourselves sexually pure in what we think, say, and do, and to help others be the same way.

Matthew 5:27-28; 19:9; Luke 16:18; Ephesians 5:3-5; Philippians 4:8-9; Colossians 4:6; 1 Thessalonians 4:3-6; Hebrews 13:4

99. Q: What is the eighth commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT STEAL."

Exodus 20:15; Deuteronomy 5:19; Matthew 19:18; Romans 13:9

100. Q: What does the eighth commandment tell us to do?

A: To be honest, hardworking and respectful of other's belongings.

Exodus 23:4; Leviticus 19:13; Proverbs 6:6-11; 13:4; 19:15; 20:4; Romans 12:17; Ephesians 4:28; Titus 2:9-10; 1 Peter 4:15

101. Q: What is the ninth commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT GIVE FALSE WITNESS AGAINST YOUR NEIGHBOR."

Exodus 20:16; Deuteronomy 5:20; Matthew 15:19; Luke 18:20

102. Q: What does the ninth commandment tell us to do?

A: To always tell the truth.

Leviticus 19:11; Psalms 15:1-3; Proverbs 21:6; Zechariah 8:16-17; Matthew 5:33-37; 1 Corinthians 13:6; Ephesians 4:25; James 4:11

103. Q: What is the tenth commandment?

A: "YOU SHALL NOT COVET YOUR NEIGHBOR'S HOUSE; YOU SHALL NOT COVET YOUR NEIGHBOR'S WIFE, OR HIS MALE SERVANT, OR HIS FEMALE SERVANT, OR HIS OX, OR HIS DONKEY, OR ANYTHING THAT IS YOUR NEIGHBOR'S."

Exodus 20:17; Deuteronomy 5:21; Romans 13:9

104. Q: What does the tenth commandment tell us to do?

A: To be satisfied with who we are and what we have.

Psalms 49:16-17; 119:36; Proverbs 11:24-26; Ecclesiastes 5:10, 18-19; Matthew 13:22; Luke 12:15; Galatians 5:26; Philippians 4:11-13; 1 Timothy 6:6-8; Hebrews 13:5

105. Q: Can anyone perfectly obey the Ten Commandments?

A: Since Adam's fall, no one except Christ has ever perfectly obeyed the ten commandments or ever can.

1 Kings 8:46; Proverbs 20:9; Ecclesiastes 7:20; Romans 3:10, 19-20; 5:12, 18; Galatians 3:10; James 2:10; 3:2; 1 John 1:8,10

106. Q: What are the Ten Commandments for?

A: They tell us how God wants us to live and show us that we need a savior.

Ecclesiastes 12:13; Romans 3:20; 5:20; 7:7; Galatians 3:24-25; 1 Timothy 1:8-11

107. Q: What is prayer?

A: Prayer is talking with God, asking Him for what He has promised to give us and thanking Him.

Genesis 17:22; 18:33; Nehemiah 1:4-11; 2:4; Psalms 10:17; 145:19; Daniel 9:4; Matthew 6:6; John 15:7; 16:23; Romans 8:26-27; Philippians 4:6; 1 John 5:14

108. Q: In whose name should we pray?

A: Only in the name of Christ.

John 14:13-14; 15:16; 16:23-24; Hebrews 4:14-16; 1 Timothy 2:5

109. Q: What has Christ given to teach us how to pray?

A: The Lord's Prayer.

Matthew 6:5-15; Luke 11:1-13

110. Q: What is the Lord's Prayer?

A: "OUR FATHER IN HEAVEN, HALLOWED BE YOUR NAME. YOUR KINGDOM COME, YOUR WILL BE DONE ON EARTH AS IT IS IN HEAVEN. GIVE US THIS DAY OUR DAILY BREAD, AND FORGIVE US OUR DEBTS, AS WE ALSO HAVE FORGIVEN OUR DEBTORS. AND LEAD US NOT INTO TEMPTATION, BUT DELIVER US FROM THE EVIL ONE. (FOR YOURS IS THE KINGDOM AND THE POWER AND THE GLORY FOREVER)."

Matthew 6:9-13; Luke 11:2-4

111. Q: How many requests are there in the Lord's Prayer?

A: Six

*Matthew 6:9-13; Luke 11:2-4
Exodus 20:17; Deuteronomy 5:21; Romans 13:9*

112. Q: What is the first request?

A: "OUR FATHER IN HEAVEN, HALLOWED BE YOUR NAME."

Matthew 6:9b; Luke 11:2a

113. Q: What do we pray for in the first request?

A: That all people may glorify God's name and make Him known.

Leviticus 22:2; Deuteronomy 5:11; 28:58-59; Psalms 8:1; 113:1-3; Isaiah 8:13; 29:23; Ezekiel 36:21-23; Daniel 2:20;

114. Q: What is the second request?

A: "YOUR KINGDOM COME."

Matthew 6:10a; Luke 11:2b

115. Q: What do we pray for in the second request?

A: That Christ may be honored everywhere as King over all and that Satan's power may be destroyed.

Matthew 9:37-38; 10:7, 27; 28:19-20; Acts 10:39-43; 2 Corinthians 4:5; Colossians 1:28; 2 Timothy 2:25-26

116. Q: What is the third request?

A: "YOUR WILL BE DONE ON EARTH AS IT IS IN HEAVEN."

Matthew 6:10b;

117. Q: What do we pray for in the third request?

A: That we on earth may serve God as the angels do in heaven.

Psalms 72:11; 103:19-22; John 9:31; Romans 12:2; Ephesians 6:6-7; James 4:15; Revelation 4:11; 1 John 2:17

118. Q: What is the fourth request?

A: "GIVE US THIS DAY OUR DAILY BREAD."

Matthew 6:11; Luke 11:3

119. Q: What do we pray for in the fourth request?

A: That God would give us everything we need to live.

Psalms 23:1, 5; 145:15-16; Proverbs 10:22; 30:8-9; Isaiah 41:10; Matthew 6:25-33; 10:29; Philippians 4:19; 1 Peter 5:7

120. Q: What is the fifth request?

A: "FORGIVE US OUR DEPTS, AS WE ALSO HAVE FORGIVEN OUR DEBTORS."

Matthew 6:12; Luke 11:4a

121. Q: What do we pray for in the fifth request?

A: That God would forgive all our sins for Christ's sake as we also have forgiven others.

Psalms 51:1-12, 17; Matthew 5:23-24; 6:14-15; 18:21-35; Mark 11:25; Colossians 3:12-13; 1 John 4:20-21

122. Q: What is the sixth request?

A: "AND LEAD US NOT INTO TEMPTATION, BUT DELIVER US FROM THE EVIL ONE".

Matthew 6:13a; Luke 11:4b

123. Q: What do we pray for in the sixth request?

A: That God would keep us from sin and strengthen us to resist temptation.

1 Chronicles 4:10; Psalms 19:13-14; 119:9-11; Matthew 26:41;

124. Q: What is a sacrament?

A: A sign and seal of God's promise of grace.

Genesis 17:7, 10; Exodus 12:48; Romans 4:11; 15:8

125. Q: What two sacraments did Christ give to His church?

A: Baptism and the Lord's Supper.

Matthew 28:18-20; 1 Corinthians 11:23-26

126. Q: Why did Christ give these sacraments?

A: To identify, comfort, strengthen His people and to remind them of what He has done for them.

Matthew 26:26-28; Mark 14:22-24; Luke 22:19-20; John 6:56-57; Romans 6:3-4; 1 Corinthians 11:24-26; 12:13; Galatians 3:27

127. Q: What sign is used in baptism?

A: The washing with water.

John 3:5, 23; Acts 10:47; 22:16; Romans 6:3-4; Colossians 2:12

128. Q: What does baptism mean?

A: That we belong to God and that by faith we are cleansed from sin by the blood of Christ.

Acts 2:38; 22:16; Romans 6:3-4; Colossians 2:12; Titus 3:5

129. Q: In whose name are we baptized?

A: In the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit.

Matthew 28:19

130. Q: Who should be baptized?

A: Believers and their children.

Genesis 17:10; Acts 2:38-41; 8:12, 36-38; 16:15, 31-33; 18:8; 19:4,5; 1 Corinthians 7:14

131. Q: Why should infants be baptized?

A: Because they have a sinful nature and need a savior.

Genesis 8:21; Romans 3:10-13, 23; James 2:10

132. Q: What does your baptism call you to do?

A: To be a true follower of Christ.

Mark 8:34-38; Acts 26:20; Romans 6:4, 13; 13:14; Galatians 3:26-27; Colossians 2:6; 3:1-5, 12-17; 1 John 1:6-7; 2:3-6

133. Q: What is the sign used in Lord's Supper?

A: The eating of bread and drinking of wine to remember the suffering and death of Christ.

Matthew 26:26-28; Mark 14:22-24; Luke 22:19-20; John 6:55-58; 1 Corinthians 10:16; 11:23-29

134. Q: What does the bread stand for?

A: Christ's body, given for our sins.

Matthew 26:26; Romans 11:27; 1 Corinthians 10:16b; 11:24

135. Q: What does the wine stand for?

A: Christ's blood, poured out for our salvation.

Matthew 26:27-28; 1 Corinthians 10:16; 11:25; Hebrews 12:24

136. Q: Who should receive the Lord's Supper?

A: Only those who are truly sorry for their sins and trust Christ to save them.

Psalms 27:4; 139:23-24; Acts 2:42; Romans 6:17-18; 1 Corinthians 5:11; 11:29, 31; Philippians 3:9; 1 John 4:9-11

137. Q: Did Christ stay in the grave, after crucifixion and burial?

A: No. He rose from the dead on the third day.

Psalms 16:10; Matthew 12:40; Mark 9:31; John 2:19; 20:6-9; Acts 2:23-24; 5:30; 10:39-41; 1 Corinthians 15:3-4

138. Q: Where is Christ now?

A: In heaven, representing us before God.

Matthew 28:18; Mark 16:19; John 17:5, 9; 24; Romans 8:34; Hebrews 1:3; 4:14-16; 7:25; 9:24; 12:2; 1 Peter 3:22

139. Q: Will Christ come again?

A: Yes. At the end of time Christ will return to judge the world.

*Matthew 25:31-46; Acts 1:11; 17:31 2 Thessalonians 1:7-10;
2 Timothy 4:1; Hebrews 9:28; Revelation 20:12*

140. Q: What happens to human beings when they die?

A: Our bodies turn back to dust; our souls live on, in heaven or hell.

*Genesis 2:7; 3:19; Psalms 90:3; 103:14; Ecclesiastes 12:6-7;
Matthew 25:34, 41; Luke 23:42-43; 2 Corinthians 5:1-10*

141. Q: Will the bodies of the dead be raised to life again?

A: Yes, when Christ returns, the bodies of the dead will be raised and joined to their souls forever.

*Daniel 12:2; John 5:28-29; Acts 24:14-15;
1 Corinthians 15:42-44, 51-53; Philippians 3:21*

142. Q: What happens to the wicked?

A: They are thrown into hell.

*Psalms 9:17; Proverbs 14:12; Matthew 3:12; 13:49-50;
Matthew 25:41; Luke 12:5; Romans 6:21; Revelation 21:8, 27*

143. Q: What is hell?

A: A place of terrible and endless punishment.

*Matthew 10:28; 13:41-42; 22:11-13; 25:46; Mark 9:43-48;
Luke 16:19-31; Revelation 14:10-11; 20:10*

144. Q: What happens to the righteous?

A: They go to heaven.

*Psalms 16:11; Matthew 25:34; John 14:2-4; 1 Thessalonians
4:17; 1 Peter 1:4; 2 Peter 3:13; Revelation 3:21; 5:10*

145. Q: What is heaven?

A: A happy place, where believers will be with God forever.

*Luke 23:43; John 14:2-4; Acts 7:55-56; 2 Corinthians 5:8;
Philippians 1:23; Revelation 7:9, 17; 14:13; 19:9; 21:3; 18-25*

THEMATIC MELODY

Measures and Notes

THEMATIC MELODY

Measures

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